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Hardening the Core: **Enhanced Memory Protection**

UEFI Fall 2023 Developers Conference & Plugfest October 9-12, 2023 Presented by: Taylor Beebe (Microsoft)



Agenda



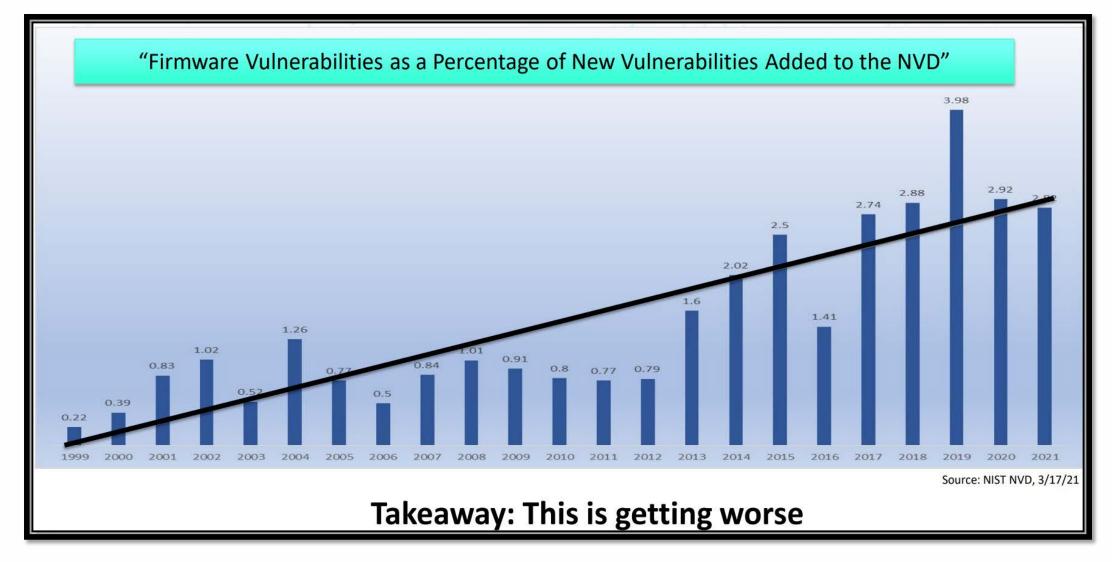
- Current State of UEFI Security
- Enhanced Memory Protection
- Case Study
- Tools & Tests
- Questions



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Current State of UEFI Security





Source: DHS CISA Strategy to Fix Vulnerabilities Below the OS Among Worst Offenders



UEFI – The Worst Offenders

The popularity of UEFI and its lack of memory protection enforcements attract exploitation.

Source: DHS CISA Strategy to Fix Vulnerabilities Below the OS Among Worst Offenders





- Firmware implementations lack basic memory mitigations present in other system software for decades.
- UEFI implementations vary widely in reliability and security assurance.
- Firmware is foundational to system security the chain of trust and System Management Mode. Firmware attack vectors threaten to compromise OS security.



- Known firmware exploits are not being protected against.
- Firmware vulnerabilities are increasing in frequency.

We **must** do better to harden platforms against exploits of common memory-safety vulnerabilities.





Compatibility Preamble

It will take time and effort for legacy code to be updated to adhere to these new requirements

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1. The Memory Attribute Protocol must be present on the platform

37.7 Memory Protection

37.7.1 EFI_MEMORY_ATTRIBUTE PROTOCOL

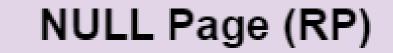
Summary

This protocol abstracts the memory attributes setting or getting in UEFI environment.



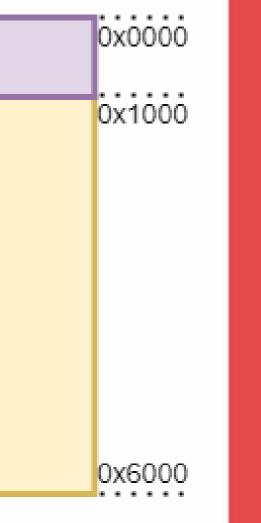
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2. Page zero is marked EFI_MEMORY_RP

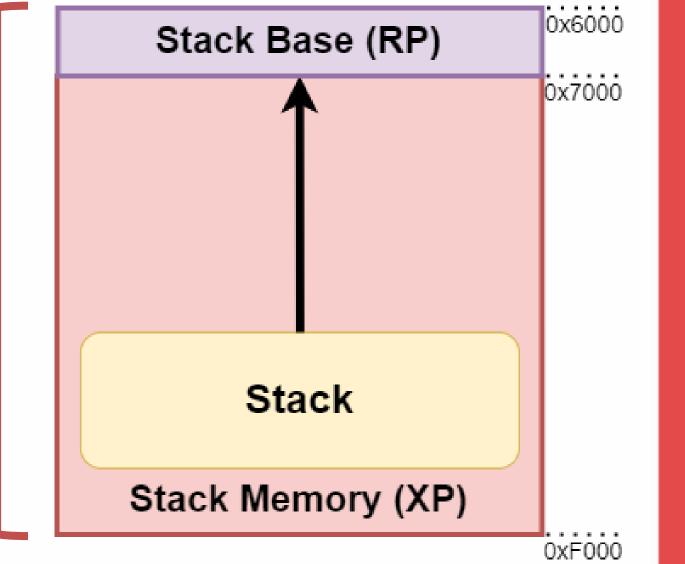


Memory Space



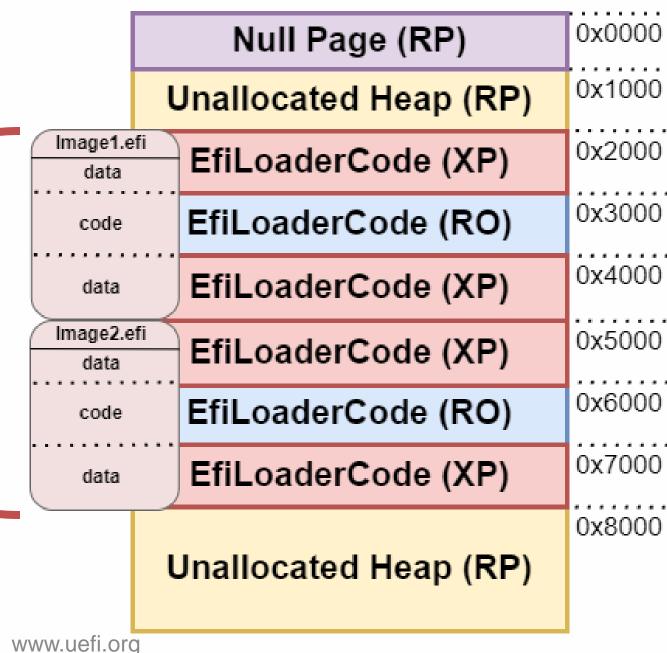


3. AP and BSP stack memory is EFI_MEMORY_XP and the bottom of the stack has a guard an EFI_MEMORY_RP

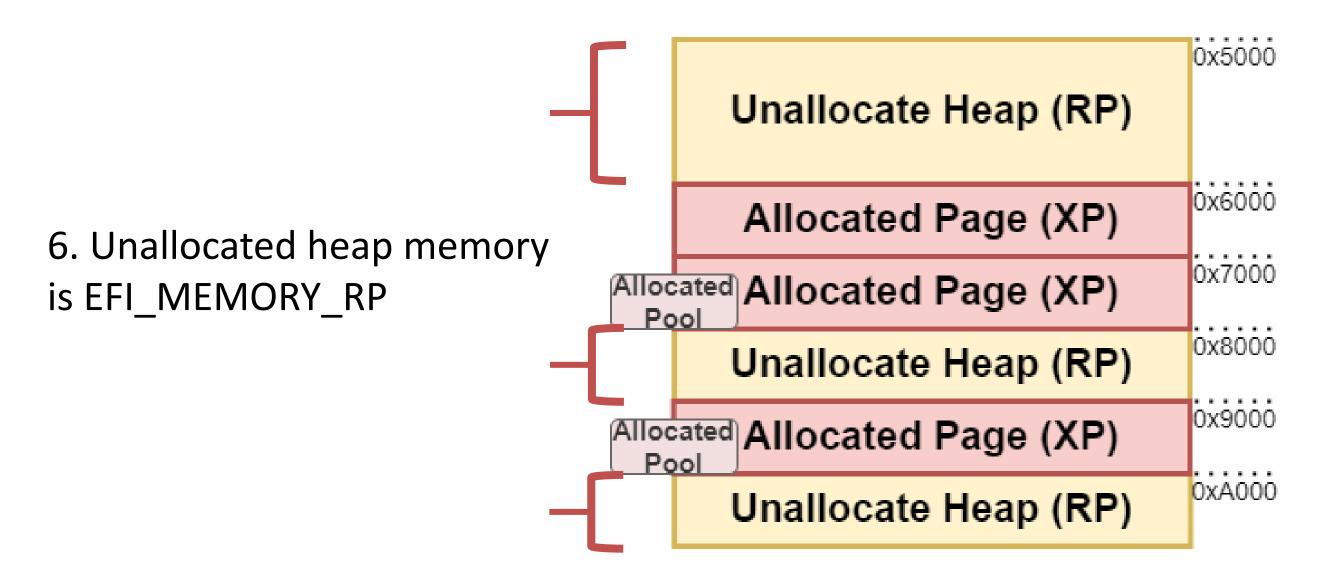




4. EFI_MEMORY_XPapplied to data sections5. EFI_MEMORY_ROapplied to code sections

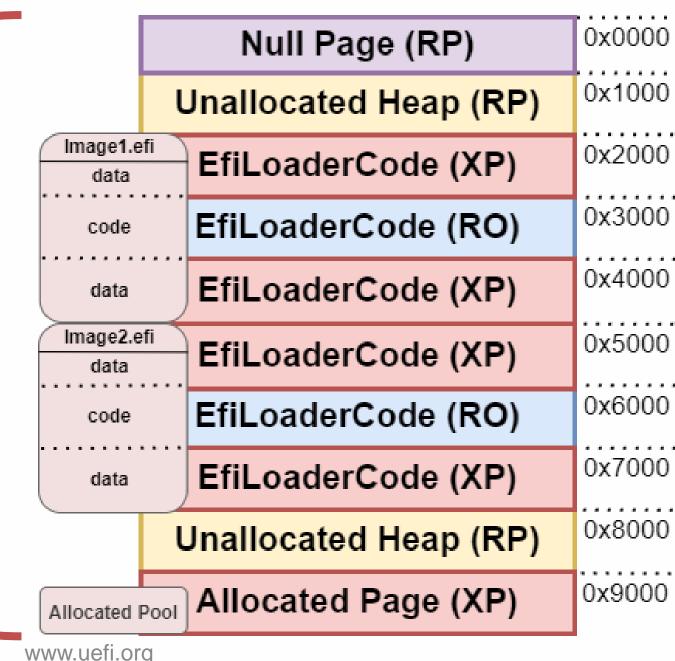








7. No memory range should be simultaneously readable, writable, and executable.





- 8. MMIO ranges should be in the EFI memory map and marked EFI MEMORY XP
- 9. Address space not present in the EFI memory map must cause a CPU fault if accessed







Compatibility Mode

- 1. Allocated buffers will be Readable, writable, and executable.
- 2. Loaded image buffers no longer have restrictive access attributes.
- 3. Page zero will be mapped.



Compatibility Mode

- Microsoft is working with partners to add support for enhanced memory protection.
- Compatibility mode may continue be used by legacy bootloaders and OPROMs until their end of life.



Memory Protection: Future

Closing the Gap to Reach a Heightened Security Bar

- Push for enhanced memory protection by default.
- Help our industry partners produce compatible firmware.
- Develop tools to audit and verify memory protection.
- Document how to debug common memory protection violations.



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Case Study: Surface Laptop 5

Source: Firmware Attack Surface Reduction (FASR)

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Surface Laptop 5

- Surface Laptop 5 runs a fork of EDK2.
- Secured-core compliant firmware solution.
- Enables enhanced memory protection.





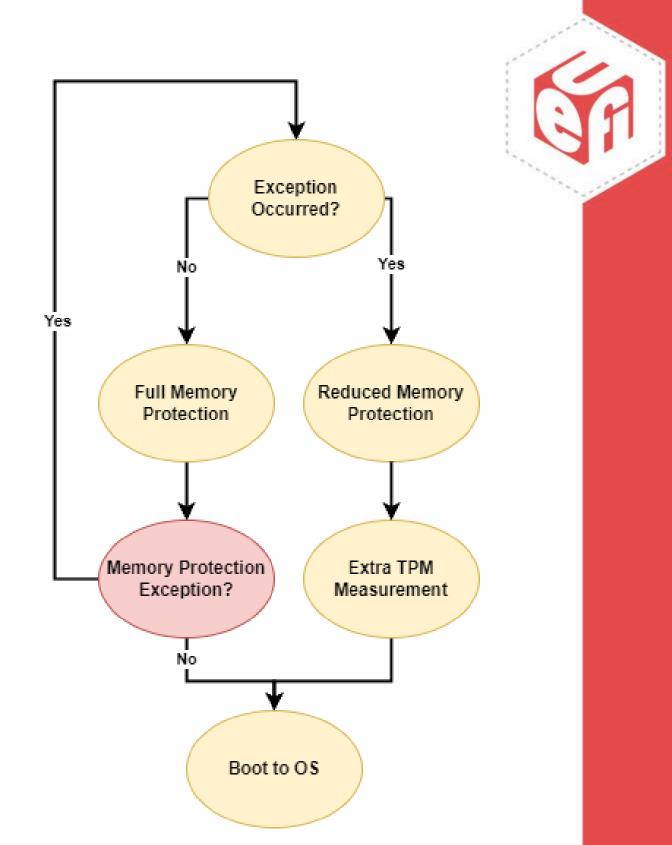
Compatibility Concern

Unexpected code paths or unexpected edge cases could occur which result in protection faults in shipped devices.



Exception Handling

- Memory protection related exceptions causes a reboot into a reduced protection state.
- The TPM measurement changes resulting in secured data/secrets to be inaccessible.



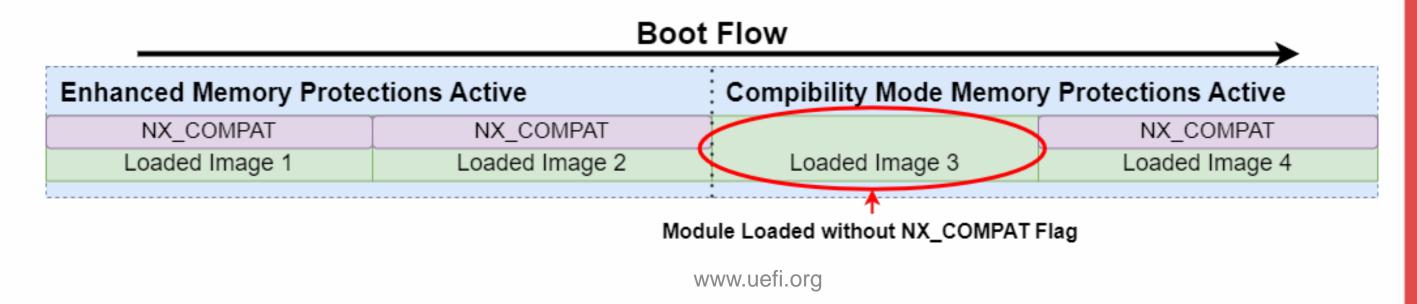
Compatibility Concern

OPROMs may not be compatible with enhanced memory protection.



NX_COMPAT PE/COFF Flag

- Indicates an OPROM or bootloader (like Shim) is compatible with enhanced memory protection.
- If an image is loaded without the flag, the platform enters compatibility mode.





UEFI Memory Protection and Windows

Exact details are TBD. Examples:

- Testing: A logo test to check if the system meets the enhanced memory protection criteria
- Transparency: Firmware Security features may be listed out alongside their enablement state in the Windows Security App







Memory Protection Test App [link]:

- Tests page guards, pool guards, stack guard, NX protection, NULL detection.
- Can be run in 4 ways:
 - 1. Violating active memory protections and resetting
 - 2. Building a page table map and inspecting the active protections
 - 3. Using the memory attribute protocol to inspect active protections

Memory Attribute Protocol Test App [link]:

- Tests the Memory Attribute Protocol functionality.
- Tests for some bugs found as we've added enhanced memory protection compatibility to the Windows Bootloader.

PE/COFF Image Validation [link]:

- Tests PE images against a set of tests and associated requirements.
- This can help confirm that NX_COMPAT is set, sections are aligned, etc.



Enhanced Memory Protection Test:

- UEFI Spec 2.10 Memory Attribute Protocol is present 1.
- Unallocated memory (EFI Conventional) is EFI MEMORY RP 2.
- Page zero (NULL) is EFI MEMORY RP 3.
- The stack is EFI MEMORY XP 4.
- An EFI MEMORY RP guard is at the bottom of the stack 5.
- New allocations are EFI MEMORY XP 6.
- MMIO ranges are EFI MEMORY_XP 7.
- EFI MEMORY XP applied to loaded image data regions 8.
- EFI MEMORY RO applied to loaded image code regions 9.
- 10. No RWX ranges



DXE Paging Audit [link]:

Collects the page table, stack lacksquareinformation, EFI and GCD memory maps, loaded images, and processor specific info to generate a humanreadable snapshot of memory at the time of the audit.

Test Results

RW+X

Description: No memory range should have page attributes that allow read, write, and execute Status: Success

Data Sections are No-Execute

Description:Image data sections should be no-execute Status: Success

Code Sections are Read-Only

Description:Image code sections should be read-only Status: Success

0x007EBDA000	0x007EBDAFFF	4k	1	No	Disabled	Enabled	User	EfiACPIMemoryNVS	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	Not Tracked	GuardPage	Nothing Found
0x007EBDB000	0x007EBFDFFF	4k	35	Yes	Enabled	Disabled	Supervisor	EfiACPIMemoryNVS	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	Not Tracked	None	Nothing Found
0x007EBFE000	0x007EBFFFFF	4k	2	Yes	Enabled	Disabled	Supervisor	EfiBootServicesData	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	Not Tracked	None	Nothing Found
0x007EC00000	0x007EDFFFFF	2m	1	Yes	Enabled	Disabled	Supervisor	EfiBootServicesData	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	Not Tracked	None	Nothing Found
0x007EE00000	0x007EED6FFF	4k	215	Yes	Enabled	Disabled	Supervisor	EfiConventionalMemory	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	Not Tracked	None	Nothing Found
0x007EED7000	0x007EED7FFF	4k	1	No	Enabled	Disabled	Supervisor	EfiBootServicesData	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	Not Tracked	BSP Stack Guard	Nothing Found
0x007EED8000	0x007EEF6FFF	4k	31	Yes	Enabled	Disabled	Supervisor	EfiBootServicesData	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	Not Tracked	BSP Stack	Nothing Found
0x007EEF7000	0x007EEF7FFF	4k	1	Yes	Enabled	Disabled	Supervisor	EfiBootServicesCode	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	DATA	None	DxeCore.pdb
0x007EEF8000	0x007EF18FFF	4k	33	Yes	Disabled	Enabled	Supervisor	EfiBootServicesCode	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	CODE	None	DxeCore.pdb
0x007EF19000	0x007EF2EFFF	4k	22	Yes	Enabled	Disabled	Supervisor	EfiBootServicesCode	EfiGcdMemoryTypeSystemMemory	DATA	None	DxeCore.pdb



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For more information on UEFI Forum and UEFI Specifications, visit <u>http://www.uefi.org</u>

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